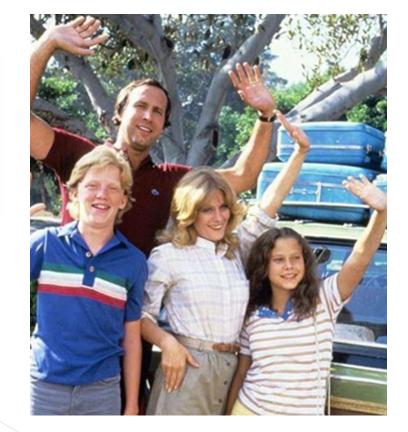
The Road to Sustainability

2025 Budget Workshop General Fund Overview

September 5, 2024



- Trustee Andrew Honig, Chairperson Finance & Administration Committee
- Scot Niehaus, Village Manager
- Tim Sexton, Director of Finance

Itinerary – General Fund

- Strategic Plan Review
- Revenue & Expenditure Assumptions
- Recap of Long-Range Plan
- 2025 Budget Overview
- Policy Considerations
- Look to the Future
- Summary



Strategic Plan Review

| Strategic Priority | Desired Outcome | Key Outcome Indicator | Target | Strategic Initiatives | |
|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|---|--|
| | Financial strength | - Bond Rating | - BBB in 2023 - AA+ in 2028 | a) Develop plan and process to promote strong Village financial condition to rating | |
| Financial Sustainability | Prudent use of Federal funds - Revenue generated - Expenditures leveraged - Cost savings achieved | | Businesses assisted are in targeted sectors most impacted Positive ROI on Federal Funds used for Economic Development by 2024 | agencies b) Develop options for use of federal stimulus funds c) Establish strategy for revenue diversity and | |
| | Stable & predictable revenue | - Revenue variability reduction | - From 2021-2024 revenues remain stable | stabilization | |

These goals will have direct application to budget policy in the following areas:

- Reserve Policies
- Use of Surplus
- Revenue Streams (including Levy)

DRAF

Strategic Plan Review

These goals will have direct application to budget policy in the following areas:

- Salary Ranges
- Merit Compensation
- Wage Adjustments
- Tech Reserve
- Vehicle Reserve (as discussed by the Public Works committee on 7/9/24)
- Building Improvements
- CIP Plan
- Construction of New Buildings (Building Blocks for the Future)

| Strategic Priority | Desired Outcome | Key Outcome Indicator | Target | Strategic Initiatives | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| | Competent workforce | - % meeting training standards - # employees meeting standards | - =>98% employees meet expectations on performance evaluations by 2024 | a) Develop contingency and innovation strategy b) Develop improved customer | |
| Operational Excellence Efficient Service Delivery times | | - Processing, response, cycle times | -Improved service delivery via innovation - one area per department by 2024 | service process improvements and survey methods c) Explore uses of technology to support improved operations | |
| | effectiveness - # process improvements 2 - % positive satisfaction rating - | | - Reduced operational costs -2021- 2024 - Resident satisfaction at/above 75% by 2024 | effectiveness | |
| | Facilities adequate to meet operational needs | - Condition ratings achieved - # gaps closed | - Complete facility plan for public safety by 2024 - Complete fleet expansion project by 2024 - Address 2 operational deficiencies by 2024 | a) Develop and implement comprehensive facilities plan b) Complete feasibility assessment of shared Public Safety Facility c) Revise Pavement | |
| Well Maintained Infrastructure | High quality and reliable utility and roadway systems | - Roadway OCI achieved - Water main break rate reduction - Sewer back up reduction | - OCI of 74/100 - 20 main breaks/100 M by 2024 - Reduction of 25% in sewer back-ups by 2024 | Management Policy (6. J.) d) Develop inspectional program(s) for infrastructure & maintenance strategies | |
| Elicetive project | | - Deadlines met - Budget targets achieved | - 95% of projects completed on- time/on-budget - Change orders limited to +15% | e) Enhance CIP implementatio to meet targeted needs | |

Objectives related to Operations & Infrastructure

Multi-Year Financial Forecast General Fund Revenue & Expenditure Assumptions



Conservative Budgeting Policy adopted July 21, 2016 to provide stability for long-term trends. Individual years may vary.

Strategic Goal: Stable & Predictable Revenue

Multi-Year Financial Forecast Assumptions

Revenue Assumptions

3.0% Annual Growth

Property Tax (assumed max levy per statute)

Income Tax

Amusement Tax

Fees, fines, licenses, and permits

0.0% Annual Growth (subject to change based on trend analysis)

Sales, Use, & Places for Eating Tax

Utility Tax: Gas, Electric, Telecommunications

Expense Assumptions

Salary Progressions 4.0%

Health Insurance 7.5%

Retirement Benefits:

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund 4.0%

Police & Fire Pension Funds 7.5%-9.0%

Technology Reserve 1.5%

Fleet Services 3.0% (includes fuel, labor costs, and parts)

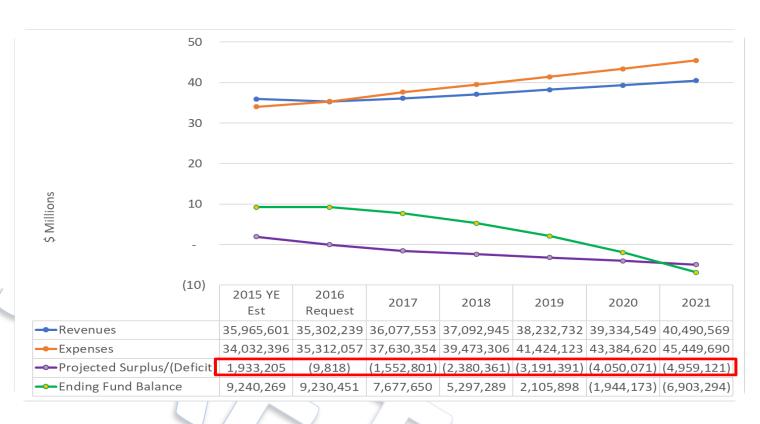
All other costs 3.0%

Long-Range Financial Plan

- The Village Board undertook a Long-Range Financial Plan effort in 2016 and established the following financial priorities
 - Establish sufficient reserves in the case of an emergency, either on the revenue or expense side
 - Pay down pension liabilities
 - Establish fund for future building needs, as all Village facilities are aging
 - As referenced earlier, this policy was amended in 2021 to include funds for economic development and business retention
- Each year, any Revenues over Expenditures are put through the year-end waterfall to fund these priorities

2016 Long Range Plan Positive Results

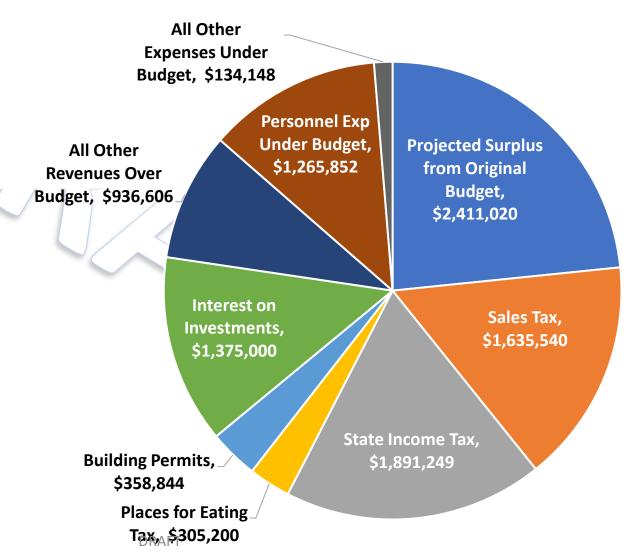




- April 2016: Initial budget forecast 2017-2021 projected a deficit of \$4,959,121 for 2021 YE
- 2025 Balanced Budget
- All Revenues over Expenditures are put through the Waterfall

2023 Revenues over Expenditures = \$10,313,459





Reserve Policy
Overview –
Waterfall for 2023
YE Revenues over
Expenditures
(in 2024)

*Without waterfall pension fund contributions, the 2025 General Fund pension expense would be an additional \$913,656

2023 YE Revenues over Expenditures \$10,313,459

Distribution thru the Waterfall

Emergency Reserve Fund \$245,730

Projected Fund Balance at FYE 24: \$2,235,430

5% of the current year's budgeted expenses in the General fund



May be used for:

- Unexpected, large-scale events that cost more than \$1M
- When immediate action must be taken for health and safety of residents
- Major flood, earthquake, event requiring significant overtime, etc.

Revenue Stabilization Fund \$172,011

Projected Fund balance at FYE 23: \$1,564,800

Equal to 3.5% of the current year's budgeted expenses in the General Fund

Revenues should be down at least 1.5% compared to prior year budget to utilize this fund.



May be used for:

- Temporarily offsetting unanticipated fluctuations in on-going revenues
- Unanticipated events: external mandates, closure of large sales tax generator, reductions in state shared revenues, etc.

This Fund allows the Village to restructure its operations in a deliberate manner to ensure critical Village services. If this reserve is spent down, it will be restored within 3 years.

Building Reserve Fund \$4,947,859

Projected Fund balance at FYE 24: \$9,173,700

building.

Pension Stabilization Fund \$4,947,859

Fund balance after transfers: \$1,000,000

Distribute \$4,947,859 to pension funds in 2024

Build new,
replace, or
complete a
major
renovation to
an existing

Build new,
Up to \$70
both the B
Funds plu
Economic
reach
reach
Suildi

Up to \$700,000 per year to both the Building and Pension Funds plus any excess after Economic Development Fund reaches \$5,000,000.

Excess will be split equally to Building and Pension Stabilization Funds. 20% IMRF: \$989,573 40% Police Pension Fund: \$1,979,143 40% Fire Pension Fund: \$1,979,143

Projected Cumulative transfers to Pension Eurods

*includes LRP Distributions:

IMRF: \$3,106,429 Police Pension Fund: \$6,212,858 <u>Fire Pension Fund: \$6,212,858</u> TOTAL ALL PENSION FUNDS: \$15,532,145

Economic Development Fund \$0

Fund balance after transfers: \$5,000,000





| | | 2024 | 2024 | 2025 | \$ | % | \$ Over/Under | % Over/Under |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| | | Amended | Estimated | Budgeted | Over/Under | Over/Under | 2024 YE | 2024 YE |
| General Fund Only | 2023 Actual | Budget | Amount | Revenues | 2024 Budget | 2024 Budget | Estimate | Estimate |
| Revenues | \$48,384,490 | \$44,830,760 | \$47,710,130 | \$46,535,770 | \$1,705,010 | 3.80% | (\$1,174,360) | -2.52% |
| Expenses | \$38,805,398 | \$44,708,550 | \$45,322,562 | \$46,464,310 | \$1,755,760 | 3.93% | \$1,141,748 | 2.46% |
| Projected Revenues | | | | | | | | |
| less Expenses | | \$122,210 | \$2,387,568 | \$71,460 | | | | |

*Expenses:

FY23 Actual does not include \$13,045,800 transfers to "waterfall funds" FY24 Estimate does not include \$10,313,459 transfers to "waterfall funds"

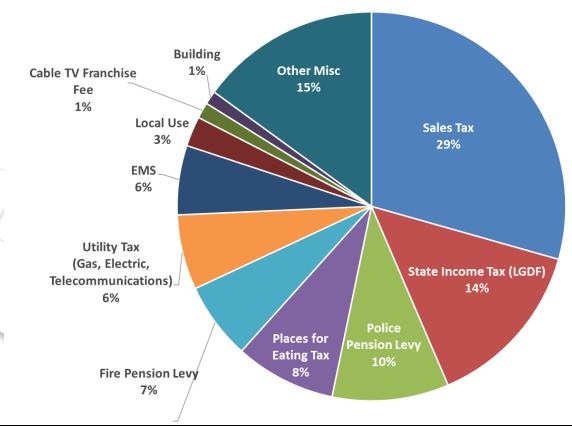
FY 2025 Revenue & Expenditure Assumptions

- Top 10 General Fund Revenues Assumptions
- Top 10 General Fund Expense Assumptions



Top 10 FY 2025 General Fund Revenues

85%



| | | 2024 | 2024 | 2025 | | % |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| | | Amended | Estimated | Budgeted | \$ Over/Under | Over/Under |
| | 2023 Actual | Budget | Amount | Revenues | 2024 Budget | 2024 Budget |
| Total Top 10 Revenues | \$39,034,076 | \$37,850,220 | \$39,938,020 | \$39,555,270 | \$1,612,550 | 4.31% |
| Total All GF Revenues | \$48,384,490 | \$44,830,760 | \$47,710,130 | \$46,535,770 | \$1,705,010 | 3.80% |
| Top 10 vs Total GF Rev | 80.67% | 84.43% | 83.71% | 85.00% | N/A | N/A |

| Revenue Source | 2023 Actual | 2024 Amended Budget | 2024 Estimated Amount | 2025 Budgeted Revenues | \$ Over/Under 2024 Budget | % Over/Under 2024 Budget |
|-------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Sales Tax | \$13,537,757 | \$12,741,290 | \$13,476,440 | \$13,676,440 | \$935,150 | 7.34% |
| State Income Tax (LGDF) | \$7,151,110 | \$5,785,930 | \$7,032,440 | \$6,589,200 | \$803,270 | 13.88% |
| Police Pension Levy | \$3,235,612 | \$4,195,400 | \$4,196,140 | \$4,516,150 | \$320,750 | 7.65% |
| Places for Eating Tax | \$3,838,474 | \$3,742,170 | \$3,906,540 | \$3,906,540 | \$164,370 | 4.39% |
| Fire Pension Levy | \$2,272,015 | \$2,821,460 | \$2,822,520 | \$2,983,040 | \$161,580 | 5.73% |

Top 10 FY 2025 General Fund Revenues

Note: Per Financial Policy, 3% of Sales Tax revenue is allocated to the facility fund for repairs to existing Village Buildings. The revenue shown above is the portion allocated to the General Fund

| Revenue Source | 2023 Actual | 2024 Amended Budget | 2024 Estimated Amount | 2025 Budgeted Revenues | \$ Over/Under 2024 Budget | % Over/Under 2024 Budget |
|---|-------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Utility Tax (Gas, Electric, Telecommunications) | \$3,159,650 | \$2,916,690 | \$2,940,280 | \$2,904,450 | (\$12,240) | -0.42% |
| EMS | \$2,773,773 | \$2,682,040 | \$2,682,040 | \$2,682,040 | \$0 | 0.00% |
| Local Use | \$1,750,655 | \$1,813,040 | \$1,691,480 | \$1,157,650 | (\$655,390) | -36.15% |
| Cable TV Franchise Fee | \$652,188 | \$723,200 | \$638,640 | \$618,260 | (\$104,940) | -14.51% |
| Building | \$662,843 | \$429,000 | \$551,500 | \$521,500 | \$92,500 | 21.56% |

Top 10 FY 2025 General Fund Revenues

History of General Fund Corporate Levy



Corporate Levy History of Use in General Fund 2014 \$1 154 522

| \$1,154,522 | 2014 | |
|-------------|-------|--|
| \$1,183,342 | 2015 | |
| \$76,224 | 2016 | |
| \$ O | 2017 | |
| \$ O | 2018 | |
| \$1,009,422 | 2019 | |
| \$1,216,393 | 2020 | |
| \$1,354,365 | 2021 | |
| \$1,730,561 | 2022 | |
| \$1,655,578 | 2023 | |
| \$1,290,830 | 2024 | |
| \$1.049.710 | 2025* | |

- The 2023 Corporate Levy (for FY24) is \$1,290,830, of which \$585,742 was transferred to the Building Reserve Fund.
- The proposed budget shows a transfer of the entire 2024 Corporate Levy proposed at \$1,049,710 going to the Building Reserve Fund in FY 2025

^{*} FY 2025 is the proposed 2024 Corporate Levy

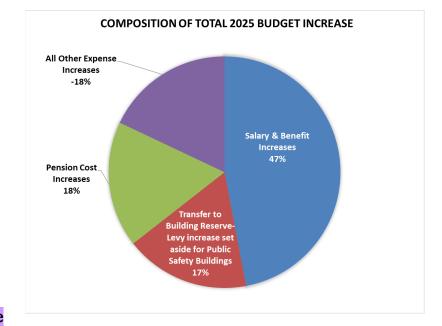
FY 2025 General Fund Expenditures Summary

| | | | 202 | 24 Amended | 20 | 24 Estimated | 20 | 25 Budgeted | \$ Over/Under | | :ed \$ Over/Under % Over/ | | % Over/Under | % of Total |
|-------------------------------|----|------------|-----|------------|----|--------------|----|-------------|---------------|-----------|-------------------------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| | 20 | 023 Actual | | Budget | | Amount | | Expenses | 202 | 4 Budget | 2024 Budget | General GF | | |
| Non-Discretionary Exp | \$ | 32,324,167 | \$ | 36,450,955 | \$ | 36,673,215 | \$ | 38,256,200 | \$ | 1,805,245 | 4.95% | 82.33% | | |
| Discretionary Exp | \$ | 5,597,535 | \$ | 7,182,105 | \$ | 7,663,677 | \$ | 7,187,500 | \$ | 5,395 | 0.08% | 15.47% | | |
| Economic Incentive | \$ | 246,638 | \$ | 300,000 | \$ | 250,000 | \$ | 285,000 | \$ | (15,000) | -5.00% | 0.61% | | |
| Reimbursable Expenses (COBRA, | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Retiree Health, misc.) | \$ | 637,058 | \$ | 775,490 | \$ | 735,670 | \$ | 735,610 | \$ | (39,880) | -5.14% | 1.58% | | |
| Total General GF Expense | \$ | 38,805,398 | \$ | 44,708,550 | \$ | 45,322,562 | \$ | 46,464,310 | \$ | 1,755,760 | 3.93% | 100.00% | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Annual Waterfall Transfers | \$ | 13,045,800 | \$ | - | \$ | 10,313,459 | \$ | - | | \$0 | 0.00% | 0.00% | | |

Note: Discretionary expenses includes the transfer to Building Reserve from the Corporate Levy

- 2024 YE Est = \$585,742
- 2025 Proposed = \$1,049,710

Primary Reasons for Major Budget Increases in 2025 General Fund



- 1. Salary and Benefit increases \$1,288,345
 - Strategic Goal: Competent Workforce
- 2. Increase in pension costs due to 2023 investment performance and updated actuarial assumptions \$482,330
 - Strategic Goal: Financial Strength Bond Rating
- 3. Proposed Transfer to Building Reserve: Set-aside 2024 Corporate Levy for Public Safety Buildings (2024 Corporate Levy \$1,049,710 last year's Property Tax Increase \$585,742 = \$463,968)
 - Strategic Goal: Facilities Adequate to Meet Operational Goals
- These three expense projections comprise \$2.23M of the total General Fund increase of \$1.76M.
- If you remove the transfer to building reserve, the actual budget increase is \$692,570 or 1.55%

| | | 2024 Amended | 2024 Estimated | 2025 Budgeted | \$ Over/Under | % Over/Under |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| Non Discretionary Expense | 2023 Actual | Budget | Amount | Expenses | 2024 Budget | 2024 Budget |
| Wages | \$ 21,181,630 | \$ 23,041,655 | \$ 22,830,150 | \$ 24,208,150 | \$1,166,495 | 5.06% |
| Police Pension | \$ 3,235,612 | \$ 4,195,400 | \$ 4,196,140 | \$ 4,516,150 | \$320,750 | 7.65% |
| Health Insurance | \$ 2,724,060 | \$ 2,973,890 | \$ 3,078,830 | \$ 3,097,620 | \$123,730 | 4.16% |
| Fire Pension | \$ 2,272,015 | \$ 2,821,460 | \$ 3,134,580 | \$ 2,983,040 | \$161,580 | 5.73% |
| Emergency Dispatch | \$ 1,087,549 | \$ 1,193,090 | \$ 1,210,300 | \$ 1,286,550 | \$93,460 | 7.83% |

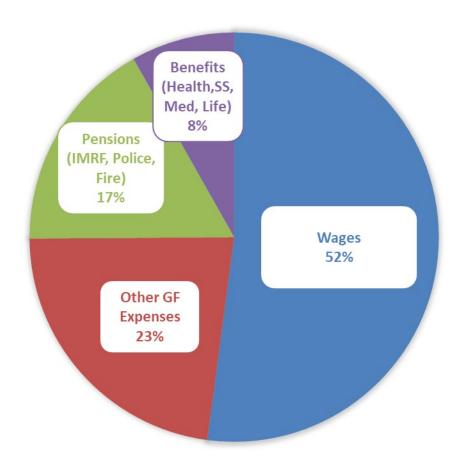
Top 10 FY 2025 General Fund Expenditures

| Non Discretionary Expense | 20 | 23 Actual | 4 Amended Budget | 4 Estimated Amount | 5 Budgeted expenses | \$ Over/Under 2024 Budget | % Over/Under 2024 Budget |
|---------------------------|----|-----------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Fleet Services O&M | \$ | 755,390 | \$ 994,850 | \$ 994,850 | \$ 922,890 | (\$71,960) | |
| Legal Services | \$ | 357,474 | \$ 462,000 | \$ 462,000 | \$ 462,000 | \$0 | 0.00% |
| Electric | \$ | 245,421 | \$ 295,900 | \$ 290,900 | \$ 306,000 | \$10,100 | 3.41% |
| Technology Reserve | \$ | 261,570 | \$ 261,570 | \$ 261,570 | \$ 264,540 | \$2,970 | 1.14% |
| Benefits* | \$ | 203,447 | \$ 211,140 | \$ 213,895 | \$ 209,260 | (\$1,880) | -0.89% |

Top 10 FY 2025 General Fund Expenditures

*Benefits include Uniforms, Life Insurance, and Tuition Reimbursement

FY 2025 General Fund Wages, Pensions, Benefits



Wages, Employer Pension Contributions, and Benefits total 77% of all 2025 General Fund expenses.

Strategic Goal: Competent Workforce



VILLAGE OF LOMBARD SUMMER 2025 POLICY DISCUSIONS FOR FY 2026 BUDGET

#1. How to address the elimination of the grocery tax

#2. Identify dedicated funding source(s) for Public Safety Buildings

Concept Proposed in July

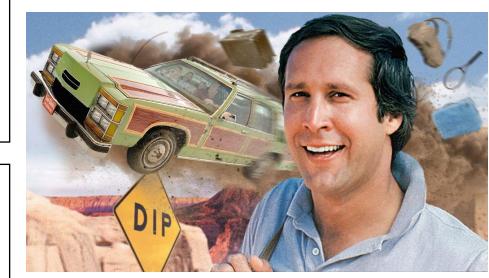
- Increase new NHR Sales Tax by 0.5% to 1.0%
- Do not collect/replace grocery tax on 1/1/26
- Do not collect full levy in FY 2025
- Lower Places for Eating Tax by 1% to 2%

Current Concept Proposed as of August 22, 2024

- Balanced budget for FY 2025
- Last-year of grocery tax in FY 2025
- No reduction in Places for Eating Tax
- No new NHR Sales Tax
- Approach the levy the same as prior years

Impact on Future Policy Discussions in June 2026

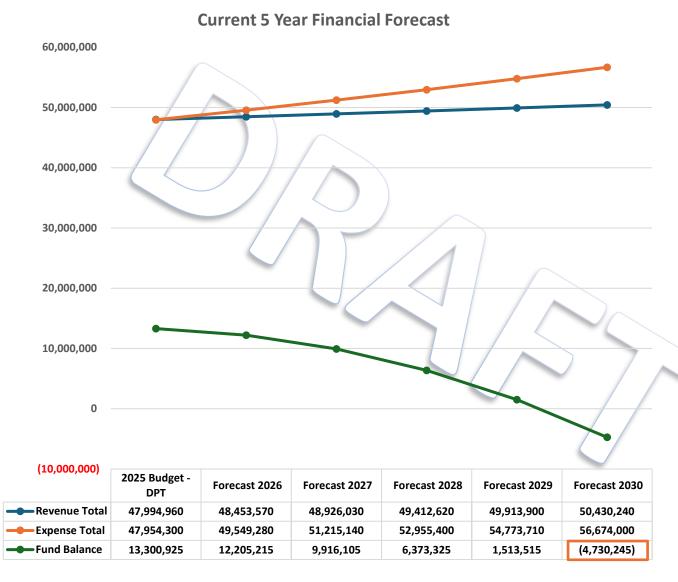
- Need to discuss grocery tax replacement decision as part of FY 2026 Budget
- Need to explore possibility of having NHR above 1% clarified in State legislation
- Possible discussion of dropping current NHR limited to capital and replacing it with standard NHR (more flexible)
- Discuss other options for public safety building debt service including Home Rule Referendum



House Bill 3144

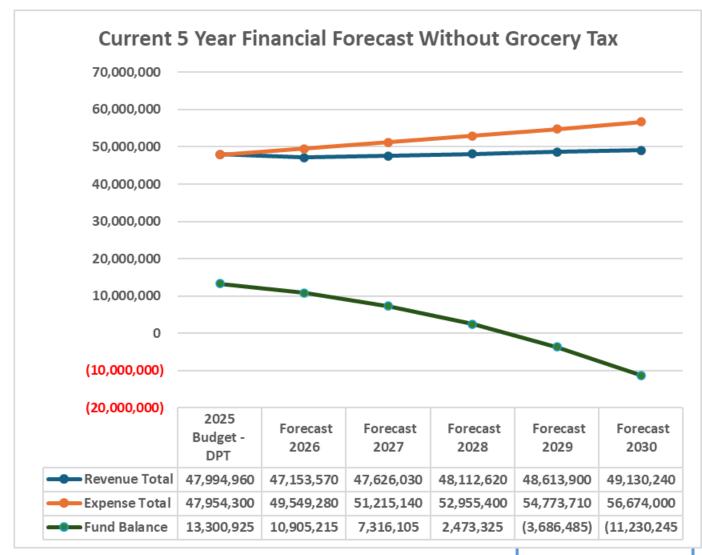
- Eliminates the State's 1% tax on groceries and authorize counties and municipalities to impose their own local 1% tax on groceries, effective January 1, 2026.
- Non-Home Rule (NHR) municipalities will be able to levy a local sales tax without voter approval. The Village Board can adopt a local ordinance with two readings.
- The NHR sales tax can be levied in 0.25% increments and remains capped at 1%.
- The local sales tax can be commenced either January 1 or July 1 each year, provided the ordinance enacting the tax is filed with the State by October 1 or April 1, respectively.

CURRENT PROJECTIONS WITH NO CHANGES (Grocery Tax Included)



Forecast Assumptions -Conservative Budgeting Property tax 3.000% Sales Tax 0.000% **Utility Tax** 0.000% Interest 3.000% Personnel 4.000% Inflation 3.000% Health Insurance 7.500% **Utilities** 3.000%

CURRENT PROJECTIONS WITHOUT GROCERY TAX STARTING JANUARY 1, 2026



| Forecast Assumptions - | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Conservative Bud | dgeting | | | | | | |
| Property tax | 3.000% | | | | | | |
| Sales Tax | 0.000% | | | | | | |
| Utility Tax 0.000% | | | | | | | |
| Interest | 3.000% | | | | | | |
| Personnel | 4.000% | | | | | | |
| Inflation | 3.000% | | | | | | |
| Health Insurance | 7.500% | | | | | | |
| Utilities | 3.000% | | | | | | |

25

SLIDE FROM 2024 BUDGET PRESENTATION Funding Future Building Needs: FY 2024 Budget Discussion



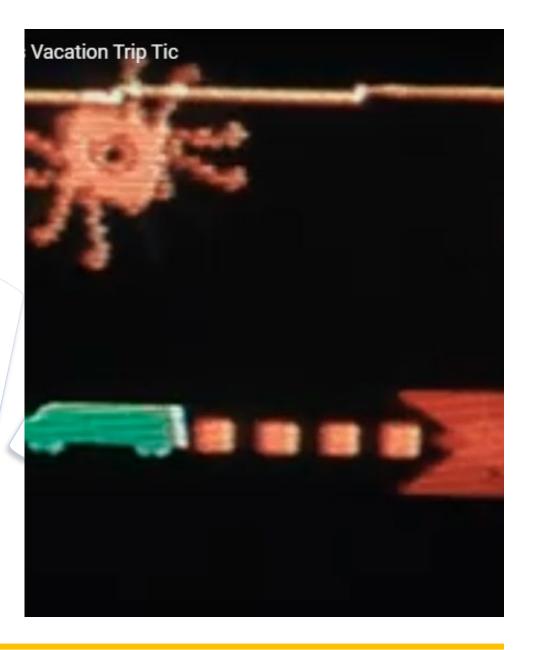
FY 2025 & FY 2026 Decision

- Future Options for Debt Service:
 - <u>Property Tax Referendum</u> Do a referendum for property taxes that would raise an additional \$3.2 million per year
 - Home Rule Referendum, and levy an additional 0.25% Sales Tax
 - Additional \$2.55 million (based on 2022 actual revenue)
 - An estimated 55% of Sales Tax revenue is funded by non-residents
 - <u>Legislative Options</u> Push State to allow Non-Home Rule Sales Tax above 1% and use for purposes other than infrastructure
 - UPDATE: A new 1% Non-Home Rule Sales Tax was approved in May 2025 with HB 3144. However, the language is unclear if the Village can have both the current 1% NHR Sales Tax and the new 1% at the same time.

Destination: Road to Sustainability

Trip Planner:

- 8/26/2024 F&A Committee Preliminary 2024 Budget and Tax Levy on Village Board Budget Workshop 9/05/2024
- During September and October, communicate the upcoming public hearings for the Tax Levy and Budget
- 10/3/2024 Public Hearing on Tax Levy and 1st Reading of Tax Levy Ordinance
- 10/17/2024 Public Hearing on Budget and 1st Reading of Budget Ordinance and 2nd Reading of Tax Levy
- 11/07/2024 2nd Reading of Budget Ordinance
- In December, share information on the 1/1/25 water rate changes
- In April 2025, share information on the tax levy and the Village's overall share of the levy



Road

Questions?



- DEPARTMENT PRESENTATIONS
- CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN
- WATER & SEWER OPERATIONS
 & MAINTENANCE FUND
 OVERVIEW

