

Village of Lombard - Water and Sewer Rate Structure Design Discussion

March 19, 2018

Residential Customers
Inside Village
Actual Bill Distribution
January - February 2018
FOR DISCUSSION ONLY

Service Charge (per bill)
Total Unit Rate (W/S/Capital)

% of Revenues Fixed
% of Revenues Variable

Option 1:
Conservative (Current)

\$10.10
\$14.90

4%
96%

Option 2:
Moderate

\$32.10
\$13.42

15%
85%

Option 3:
Aggressive

\$57.10
\$11.84

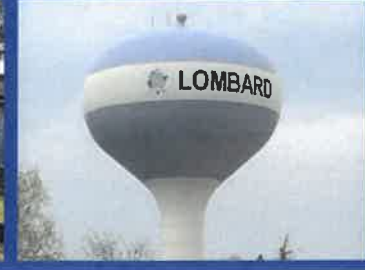
30%
70%

All Scenarios are revenue neutral.

Bi-Monthly Usage (1,000 Gal.)	% of Customer Bills	Cumulative % of Customer Bills	Current FY 2018 Bill	Moderate Bill % Change	Aggressive Bill % Change
0	2.2%	2.2%	\$10.10	\$32.10	\$57.10
1	2.2%	4.4%	\$25.00	\$45.52	\$68.94
2	4.1%	8.5%	\$39.90	\$58.94	\$80.78
3	6.0%	14.6%	\$54.80	\$72.36	\$92.62
4	7.8%	22.3%	\$69.70	\$85.78	\$104.46
5	8.9%	31.2%	\$84.60	\$99.20	\$116.30
6	9.9%	41.1%	\$99.50	\$112.62	\$128.14
7	9.9%	51.0%	\$114.40	\$126.04	\$139.98
8	8.5%	59.5%	\$129.30	\$139.46	\$151.82
9	7.4%	66.9%	\$144.20	\$152.88	\$163.66
10	6.6%	73.5%	\$159.10	\$166.30	\$175.50
11	5.1%	78.6%	\$174.00	\$179.72	\$187.34
12	4.2%	82.8%	\$188.90	\$193.14	\$199.18
13	3.6%	86.4%	\$203.80	\$206.56	\$211.02
14	2.6%	88.9%	\$218.70	\$219.98	\$222.86
15	2.2%	91.1%	\$233.60	\$233.40	\$234.70
16	1.7%	92.8%	\$248.50	\$246.82	\$246.54
17	1.3%	94.1%	\$263.40	\$260.24	\$258.38
18	1.1%	95.1%	\$278.30	\$273.66	\$270.22
19	0.9%	96.1%	\$293.20	\$287.08	\$282.06
20	0.6%	96.6%	\$308.10	\$300.50	\$293.90
21	0.6%	97.2%	\$323.00	\$313.92	\$305.74
22	0.4%	97.6%	\$337.90	\$327.34	\$317.58
23	0.4%	98.0%	\$352.80	\$340.76	\$329.42
24	0.2%	98.2%	\$367.70	\$354.18	\$341.26
25	0.2%	98.5%	\$382.60	\$367.60	\$353.10
26	0.2%	98.7%	\$397.50	\$381.02	\$364.94
27	0.3%	99.0%	\$412.40	\$394.44	\$376.78
28	0.2%	99.2%	\$427.30	\$407.86	\$388.62
29	0.1%	99.3%	\$442.20	\$421.28	\$400.46
30	0.1%	99.4%	\$457.10	\$434.70	\$412.30
31	0.1%	99.5%	\$472.00	\$448.12	\$424.14
32	0.0%	99.5%	\$486.90	\$461.54	\$435.98
33	0.0%	99.5%	\$501.80	\$474.96	\$447.82
34	0.0%	99.6%	\$516.70	\$488.38	\$459.66
35	0.0%	99.6%	\$531.60	\$501.80	\$471.50
36	0.1%	99.7%	\$546.50	\$515.22	\$483.34
37	0.1%	99.7%	\$561.40	\$528.64	\$495.18
38	0.04%	99.8%	\$576.30	\$542.06	\$507.02
39	0.04%	99.8%	\$591.20	\$555.48	\$518.86
40	0.02%	99.8%	\$606.10	\$568.90	\$530.70
41	0.04%	99.9%	\$621.00	\$582.32	\$542.54
42	0.02%	99.9%	\$635.90	\$595.74	\$554.38
43	0.04%	99.9%	\$650.80	\$609.16	\$566.22
44	0.01%	99.9%	\$665.70	\$622.58	\$578.06
45	0.01%	99.9%	\$695.50	\$649.42	\$601.74
47	0.01%	100.0%	\$710.40	\$662.84	\$613.58
50	0.01%	100.0%	\$755.10	\$703.10	\$649.10
54	0.01%	100.0%	\$814.70	\$756.78	\$696.46
55	0.01%	100.0%	\$829.60	\$770.20	\$708.30
64	0.01%	100.0%	\$963.70	\$890.98	\$814.86
70	0.01%	100.0%	\$1,053.10	\$971.50	\$885.90

Village of Lombard

Water and Sewer Utilities



Water and Sewer Rate Structure Design

March 19, 2018

Presented By:

Eric Callocchia, Senior Manager

MFSG



Basic Principles of Rate Setting

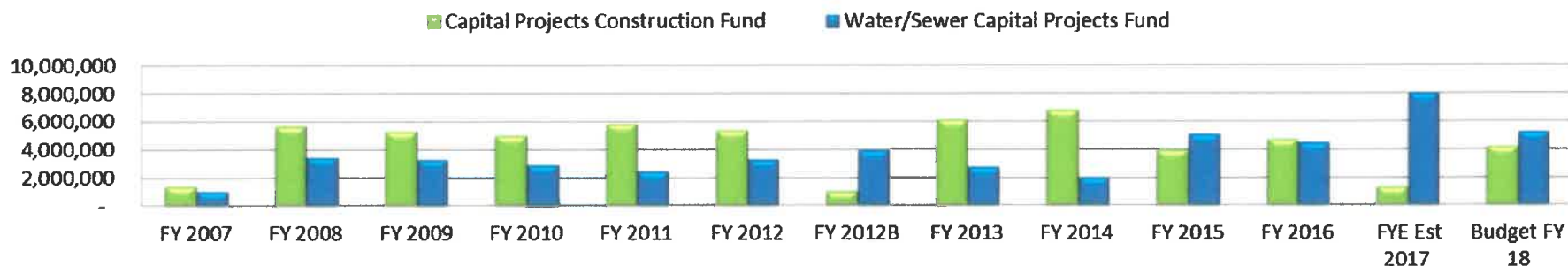
- Water and Sewer Operations are self-supporting*

- ▶ Rates and fees are set to recover cost of providing service
- ▶ No profit to General Fund
- ▶ Operations function as a business
- ▶ Utilities reimburse General Fund for support services

* Village of Lombard's model includes a subsidy from Non-Home Rule Sales Tax for capital projects

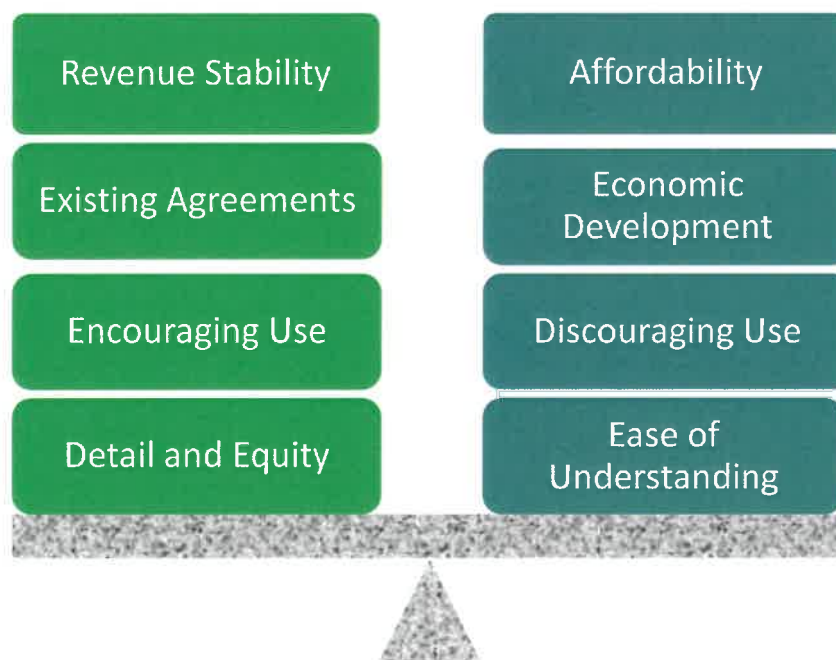
- ▶ NHR Sales Tax Revenue allocation from FY 2007 to FY 2018
 - ▶ Capital Projects Construction Fund 54% (\$56,670,582)
 - ▶ Water/Sewer Capital Projects Fund 46% (\$47,894,179)

Historical Use of Non-Home Rule Sales Tax



Rate Design – Pricing the Service

Rate design is largely influenced by policy objectives of the utility.



System Operating Costs – Fixed vs. Variable

Fixed Costs – Service Charge

(Do not change with consumption)

For example: Pipes must be maintained regardless of water use.

- Village Personnel
- Distribution and Collection System Maintenance
 - Meter Reading
- Billing & Collection
- Customer Service
- Debt Service

Variable Costs – User Fees

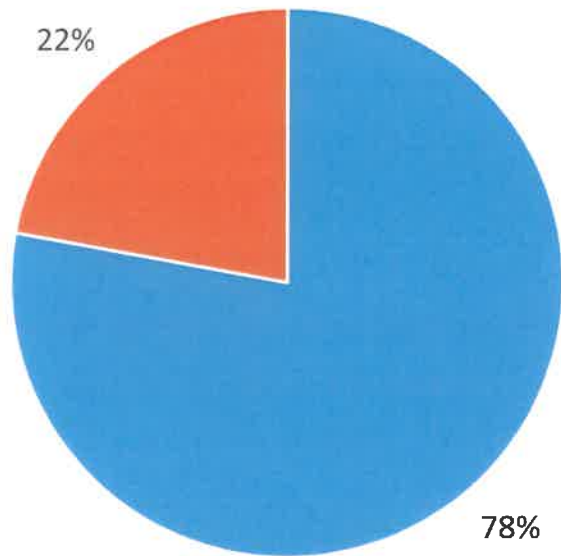
(Change with consumption)

- Water Supply
- Sewer Treatment

- The higher the fixed charge, the greater the revenue stability
- The higher the fixed charge, the more expensive service is for smallest users

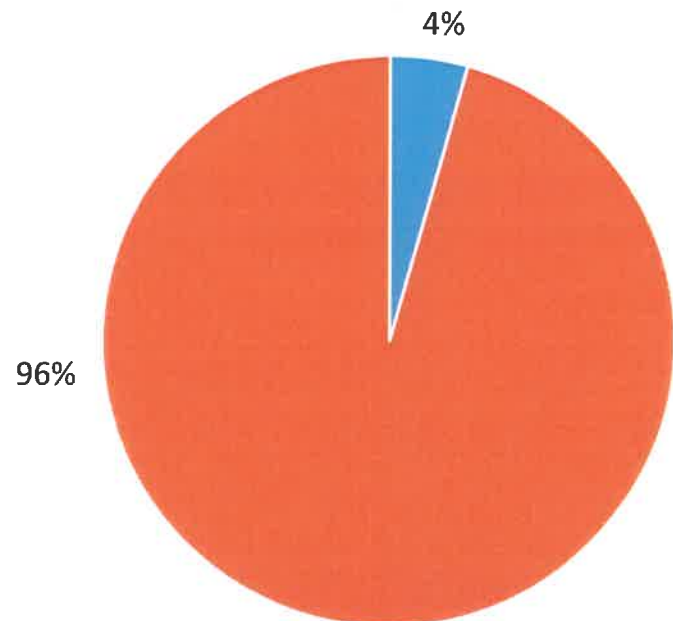
Expenses and Revenues – Fixed vs. Variable

FY 2017 Expense Budget



- Fixed Operating Expenses (O&M, Debt, and Capital)
- Variable Expenses (Purchased Water and Sewer Treatment per 1,000 Gal.)

FY 2017 User Rate Revenues: Option 1 (Current)

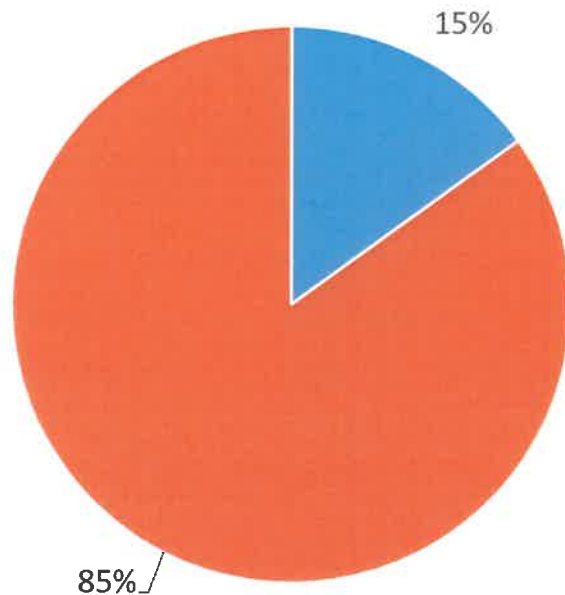


- Fixed Revenues (Service Charge and Cross Connection)
- Variable Rate Revenues (Water & Sewer O&M, Capital Rate)

For discussion only. As the rate setting process progresses, these charts will be updated to reflect a more detailed analysis. Does not include NHR sales tax revenues, loan proceeds, or other miscellaneous revenues.

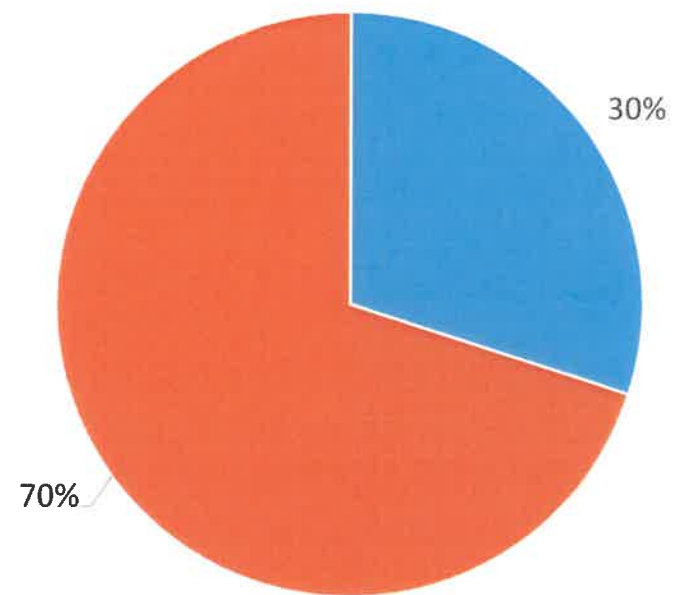
Expenses and Revenues – Fixed vs. Variable

Option 2: Moderate Rate Structure Scenario
(Recommended)



- Fixed Revenues (Service Charge and Cross Connection)
- Variable Rate Revenues (Water & Sewer O&M, Capital Rate)

Option 3: Aggressive Rate Structure Scenario



- Fixed Revenues (Service Charge and Cross Connection)
- Variable Rate Revenues (Water & Sewer O&M, Capital Rate)



Bill Impact Discussion



See Handout



W&S Rate Study Implementation Schedule



Implementation Schedule

- March 19, 2018 – Finance & Administrative Committee Meeting on Rate Structure Design
- May 8, 2018– Public Works and Environmental Concerns Committee Meeting on Rate Structure Analysis on CIP
- June 12, 2018 @ 5 p.m.– Public Works and Environmental Concerns Committee and Finance Committee Joint Meeting on Rate Structure Analysis on CIP
- August 2018 – Village Board Budget Workshop to Approve FY 2018 Water & Sewer Rate Structure
- September 2018 – Village Board Approves FY 2019 W&S Rate Ordinance
- October thru December 2018 – Public Outreach Communication effort on new rate/structure
- January 1, 2019 – Implementation of new Water & Sewer rate/structure based on study

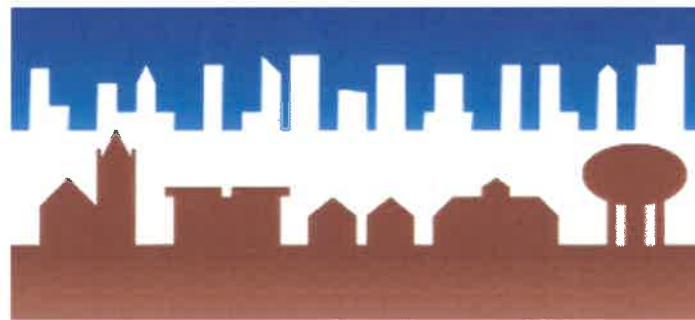
Summary

- Utility rates should be set to cover the operating and capital expenses of the utility system.
- Sometimes, there is no “right” answer: Village policy can influence which rate structure is used to collect utility fees.
- Customer outreach is important in communicating the need for water and sewer rates to be set appropriately.
- Utility financing is a long term endeavor:
 - Small early increases mitigate the need for large future increases
 - Debt financing distributes costs among current / future users
 - Ultimate Goal – Keep utility rates and fees as low as possible over time.



Discussion

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